

SUGGESTIONS TO TEACHERS AND STUDENTS

The study will be of far less value if you use the answer key during your study.

A good suggestion would be to not use the key until you have completed a chapter, then check your answers against the answer key beginning on page 95.

PUZZLE WITH THREE PIECES

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Therefore, it is important to examine it truthfully by yourself like the believers in Berea did (Acts 17:11).

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*Regular type numbers refer to text. Italicized numbers refer to same chapter in ANSWER KEY.

INTRODUCTION

THE STUDY OF GENESIS THROUGH REVELATION

As you begin your adventure of studying through the Bible, be prepared for the joy and awe you will experience when you see the completed picture of God's working with mankind. Have you ever put together a large puzzle with hundreds of pieces? You gathered similar colors and designs and put those pieces together. Slowly, those similar clustered pieces were joined together and little by little you finished the puzzle. Remember the feeling of satisfaction you experienced as you were able to see the completed picture? Your study through the Bible will be the same. As you read the questions and answer them, the Bible will slowly begin to unfold. The study will not only reveal the progression of history but as various verses are clustered together, subjects of the Bible will also be explored. These clustered subjects fit together in the overall picture, and little by little they are joined until the majestic picture of the Bible is revealed. Imagine how you will feel as you gaze on the completed picture.

OUTLINE OF THE BIBLE

In order to understand the Bible **LITERALLY**, it is necessary to know the three groups of people who are addressed in the Bible: the Gentiles, the Jews, and the Church, the Body of Christ. Read: 1 Corinthians 10:32.

- Genesis 1-11: God deals with **GENTILES**, people who are not Jews.
- Genesis 12 through mid-Acts, the nation of **ISRAEL**, the Jews.
- Mid-Acts through Philemon, the **CHURCH, THE BODY OF CHRIST**.
- Hebrews through Revelation, **ISRAEL**.

Look at the chart in the back of the book. Locate these groups of people. Look at the bottom of the chart and locate the books of the Bible. Which books tell about the Gentiles? Israel? The Church, Christ's Body?

HOW THE BIBLE CAME TO US

The Bible in its original writings is **VERBALLY INSPIRED** by God and is complete in matters of faith and practice. Second Timothy 3:16, "All scripture is inspired by God and is profitable for teaching, for reproof, for correction, for training in righteousness." The Greek word for inspired is "theopneustos" which means "God breathed." The Scriptures came into being by the breath of God. Second Peter 1:21 says, "For no prophecy was ever made by an act of human will, but men moved by the Holy Spirit spoke from God."

WRITERS OF THE BIBLE

God used godly men to write the Bible. These men had different vocations such as David, who was a shepherd/king; Luke, a doctor; Paul a Jewish leader/tentmaker, Peter; a fisherman; Moses, an Egyptian ruler/shepherd; and Hosea, a farmer.

LANGUAGES USED TO WRITE THE BIBLE

The three languages that were used to write the Bible were Hebrew, Aramaic and Greek. Hebrew and Aramaic were the languages of trade and commerce and were used to write the Old Testament. The New Testament was written in Greek. The original writings had no chapters and verses. Chapters and verses were ascribed to Archbishop Stephen Langston of Canterbury in 1227 A.D. and Cardinal Hugo de St. Caro in 1248 A.D.

THE BIBLE IS THE INERRANT WORD OF GOD

The Bible is characterized by total internal agreement or harmony. It took 40 men a period of 1,600 years to produce the 66 books of the Bible. The original writings of these inspired authors are the inerrant Word of God. The majority of these men never knew each other. They lived during different time periods and in different locations. Each book is a complete account and yet it is only a part of an ongoing history. Remarkably, all of the 40 writers AGREE.

THE BIBLE SAYS IT IS THE WORD OF GOD

By using terms such as "thus saith the Lord," or "the Lord spoke," or "the Word of the Lord came to," or the commandments of the Lord the Bible writers declared some 3,800 times that the Bible is the Word of God. Jesus Christ confirmed that the Law and the Prophets were scripture and could not be broken (John 10:34-35).

THE BIBLE IS NOT A SCIENCE OR HISTORY BOOK, BUT WHEN IT DEALS WITH THESE SUBJECTS, IT IS 100% ACCURATE.

PROPHECY PROVES THE INFALLIBILITY OF THE BIBLE

Prophecy is something that God says will happen and it is fulfilled 100% of the time. The Bible gives well over 1,000 prophecies about cities, nations, earth, man, angels, and over 300 prophecies concerning Jesus Christ. There are prophecies that tell of Christ's miraculous ministry, crucifixion, burial, resurrection, and ascension, His coming Kingdom, and other aspects of His ministry. Many of these prophecies have already been fulfilled but others remain yet to be fulfilled. As surely as God has accomplished the majority of these prophecies, the rest also will be fulfilled.

HOW TO STUDY THE BIBLE

The Bible is to be taken literally. As you read the Bible, it is important to ask yourself the questions:

WHO is being spoken of?

WHAT is being said?

WHEN is it being said?

WHERE was it said?

WHY was it said?

WHAT IS THE INDUCTIVE BIBLE STUDY METHOD?

The inductive Bible study method is a method where you, without human guidance, can study through the Bible. As you look up the verses in the Bible, those Bible facts will answer the questions. Slowly, as bits and pieces of Bible facts are gathered, you will discover Bible concepts in God's progressive working with mankind from Genesis through Revelation. Gradually, you will be able to articulate that Bible knowledge. The Bible recognizes this method of study as the "line upon line, precept upon precept" method.

BE PREPARED TO BE CHANGED

As you answer the WHO? WHAT? WHEN? WHERE? and WHY? questions, you will begin to have an understanding of the Bible literally from Genesis through Revelation. The Bible will bring you face to face with the Lord Jesus Christ and as you behold His glory, **YOU WILL BE CHANGED**. Second Corinthians 3:18 says, "But we all, with unveiled face beholding as in a mirror the glory of the Lord, are being transformed into the same image from glory to glory." Are you ready to be more like the Lord Jesus?

CHAPTER 1

GOD CREATED THE HEAVENS AND THE EARTH

What a way to begin! The focus is on God, His power, and His creation. The word "Genesis" means beginnings and in Genesis you will read of the beginning of the universe, heaven, sin, redemption, the earth, nations, languages, nation of Israel, manufacturing, cattle raising, etc. Genesis covers a period of about 2,000 years. From the account of God creating the heavens and earth in Genesis 1 until the creation of the New Heaven and New Earth in Revelation 21, there is a period of about 7,000 years. This is the history of mankind.

Your adventure through the Bible begins at the:

ORIGINAL CREATION

Read: Genesis 1:1. What did God create?

Read: Genesis 1:2. What was "dark and void?"

Did God create the heavens and earth "dark and void?" Isaiah 45:18. Some Bible teachers believe the word "was" should be translated "became". Then it would read: "And the earth became dark and void."

Does the Bible tell of any possible cause of this dark chaotic time? It is possible that the original creation became "dark and void" when Satan and his angels were cast to the earth.

HOW SIN ENTERED THE UNIVERSE

Read: Ezekiel 28:12-18 and Isaiah 14:12-14. God created the angels.

Who was the anointed cherub? Isaiah 14:12

"Helel" in the Hebrew could be translated "Lucifer" or "the shining one."

Describe the anointed cherub. Ezekiel 28:12-15; Isaiah 14:13-14

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____ e. _____

What job did the anointed cherub have? Ezekiel 28:14

How did Lucifer sin? Isaiah 14:13-14; Ezekiel 28:15-17

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

Where was Lucifer cast after he sinned? Ezekiel 28:17

Who else was thrown to earth? Revelation 12:9

Lucifer's name was changed to what? Revelation 12:9

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____

What did the fallen angels become? Luke 4:33-36

Where did Satan later appear? Ezekiel 28:13

Who observed Satan falling from heaven? Luke 10:18

How does Satan appear today? 2 Corinthians 11:13-14

What is another name for Satan? Revelation 9:11
"Abaddon" could be translated "Destroyer."

What did Satan destroy? Genesis 1:2

RESTORATION OF THE EARTH

How did God judge this chaotic time? 2 Peter 3:5-6

How did God prepare the earth for the habitation of man? Psalm 104:30

NOTE:

The conflict of the ages, between God and Satan, had begun! As you study through Genesis, notice the pattern that repeatedly occurs, God works, Satan destroys, then God restores.

On the first day, what did God create? Genesis 1:3-5

On the second day, what did God create? Genesis 1:6-8

On the third day, what did God create? Genesis 1:9-13

On the fourth day, what did God create? Genesis 1:14-19

On the fifth day, what did God create? Genesis 1:20-23

On the sixth day, what did God create? Genesis 1:24-31

On the seventh day, what did God do? Genesis 2:1-3

How long were the creative days? Genesis 1:8,13,19

How did God create the universe and the earth? Hebrews 11:3

THE ATTRIBUTES OF GOD

What is your mental image of God? What do you think He is like? Describe Him. Too often God is erroneously seen as a policeman, ready to punish; or a white-headed passive granny, who condones everything people do; or a bellhop, ready to provide a service. Are you ready to discover what God is really like from the Scriptures? Look up the verses. Read them out loud. Think of what the verses are saying about God.

God is _____. Read: John 4:24

God is _____. He is so big He cannot be measured. 1 Kings 8:27; Jeremiah 23:24

God is _____. He has no beginning and He will never end. Psalm 90:2

God is _____. What does that mean? 1 Chronicles 29:11; Daniel 4:35

God is _____. Isaiah 46:10; Psalm 147:5

How powerful is God? Job 42:2

God does not _____. Malachi 3:6

God is _____. Psalm 106:1

God is _____. Meaning He is sinless and pure. Psalm 99:9

God is _____. 1 John 4:8

God is _____. What He says will happen. John 17:17

God is _____. He judges in holiness. Jeremiah 12:1

God is _____. His way is best. Daniel 2:20

God is _____. He always keeps His word. 2 Thessalonians 3:3

God is _____. He is great and mighty. Psalm 104:1

God is _____. He is compassionate and holds back punishment. James 5:11

LIFE APPLICATION

The Person of God is the most crucial teaching in the Bible because what people know about God determines how they will live their lives. Think about it for a moment. How will knowing that God is all-powerful help you today? What changes will it make in your life by knowing that God is all-knowing? All-powerful? Sovereign? Let's look at another attribute of God.

GOD, A TRINITY

Read: Genesis 1:1. The word "God" in the Hebrew is "Elohim" and could be translated "a plural one."

Who are the three persons of God? 1 Thessalonians 1:3-5

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

There is one God, in three persons. This is called the Trinity.

Did you know that man also is a trinity?

MAN, A TRINITY

How did God make man? Genesis 1:26

What did God breathe into Adam? Genesis 2:7

Name the three parts of man. 1 Thessalonians 5:23

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

The Hebrew word "life" could be translated "lives." God breathed into Adam the breath of lives. Just as God is a plural one, a trinity, so also is man a plural one, a trinity.

LIFE APPLICATION

Did you know that God not only made you a trinity but that He gave you eternal life? Our physical bodies will die but our soul and spirit (the real us) will live forever--in Heaven with God. Those who do not trust in Christ as their Savior will live separated from God forever. John 3:16

How was Eve made? Genesis 2:21-23

Where did Adam and Eve live? Genesis 2:15

The word "Eden" means delight. The garden must have been beautiful.

What did God want Adam and Eve to do? Genesis 1:26

HOW SIN ENTERED THE HUMAN RACE

GOD'S COMMANDS

What command did God give to Adam and Eve? Genesis 2:17

What other commands did God give Adam? Genesis 1:28; 2:15

a. _____ b. _____

What did God tell Adam to eat? Genesis 1:29-30

What punishment would be applied for disobeying? Genesis 2:17

Who tempted Eve? Genesis 3:1

Who was the serpent? Revelation 12:9

How was Eve tempted? Genesis 3:2-6

What lie did Satan tell Eve? Genesis 3:4

How did Satan attempt to make God look bad? Genesis 3:5

How did Satan appeal to Eve? Genesis 3:6

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

LIFE APPLICATION

Did you know that Satan tempts Christians today in the same ways that he tempted Eve?

Read: Genesis 3:1-7.

Satan tempted Eve by causing her to doubt in 3:4.

Satan lied to make God look bad in 3:5.

Satan enticed Eve through her senses in 3:6.

How does Satan cause you to doubt?

What lies does Satan want you to believe about God?

How does he entice you through your senses?

What are the steps that lead to sin? James 1:14-15

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

What should you do when you are tempted? 2 Corinthians 10:5

When Adam ate the forbidden fruit, was he deceived? 1 Timothy 2:14-15

How sad! Both Adam and Eve chose to disobey God.

MAN'S DISOBEDIENCE

When did Adam and Eve die spiritually? Romans 5:17

How did Adam and Eve's sin affect all mankind? Romans 5:12

What happened to Adam and Eve? Genesis 3:23-24

The original command of Genesis 2:17 was disobeyed and later God would give new commands to Noah.

SIN BRINGS JUDGMENT

How did God punish the MAN? Genesis 3:17-19

How did God punish WOMAN? Genesis 3:16

How did God punish the EARTH? Genesis 3:17-18

How did God punish the SERPENT? Genesis 3:14-15

How did Adam and Eve die years later? Genesis 5:5

ANIMAL SACRIFICES INSTITUTED

God, in His great love for Adam and Eve, offered the first animal sacrifice to restore fellowship with them. God established the animal sacrifice as the means of "atonement" for sin. The word "atonement" has often been purported as meaning "at-one-ment." Atonement brought reconciliation between God and man. The animal sacrifices served as a temporary covering for sin (Hebrews 10:3-4). They pointed to the "once for all" sacrificial death of Jesus Christ on the Cross to take away sin. Hebrews 10:10,12; John 1:29

God restored fellowship with Adam and Eve by offering the first animal sacrifice and then gave the first prophecy that the Savior Jesus Christ was to come. Genesis 3:15

Why is atonement between God and man needed?

- A. _____ Romans 5:12
- B. _____ Romans 3:23
- C. _____ Romans 6:23

LIFE APPLICATION

Have you received atonement (forgiveness) of your sin? The Lord Jesus Christ died on the Cross for your sin and He came alive again. Trust Him today as your Savior and Lord. See Page 76 for God's Plan of Salvation.

Who was the seed of the woman? Matthew 1:21

Who was the seed of the serpent? Revelation 13:1,2

How did Satan bruise Christ? 1 Corinthians 2:8

How did Christ's death on the cross crush Satan's dominion and headship? Revelation 1:17-18

Read: Revelation 20:10. How good it is to know the end of the story! Christ is the Victor! Satan was conquered at the cross and ultimately his doom is sure in the lake of fire. Satan is a defeated foe!

Name the first two children of Adam and Eve. Genesis 4:1-2

a. _____ b. _____

Who did Eve think Cain was? Genesis 4:1. The word "manchild" in the Hebrew could be translated "the Gotten one" or "Man, the Lord."

Who did Eve think was the Man, the Lord? Genesis 3:15

What offering did Cain give to the Lord? Genesis 4:3

What offering did Abel bring? Genesis 4:4

What did Abel's sacrifice show? Hebrews 11:4

a. _____ b. _____

Why didn't God accept Cain's offering? Hebrews 9:22

God gave Cain a second chance to offer an animal sacrifice. Translators offer a possibility for the meaning of Genesis 4:7. It is, "The sin offering is crouching at the door but you must master it." God provided the animal for sacrifice, but Cain again refused to sacrifice the animal.

Go back to Page 3, the Attributes of God. Which attributes of God were evident in God's dealing with Cain in Genesis 4:6-7?

Why did Cain kill Abel? Genesis 4:4-5

Why would Satan want Abel dead? Genesis 3:15

How did God punish Cain? Genesis 4:13-14

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

What did Cain leave? Genesis 4:16

What did God do for Adam and Eve? Genesis 4:25

Who was Seth's son? Genesis 4:26

What did the family of Seth begin to do? Genesis 4:26

Have you ever wondered why the genealogies are in the Bible? One reason is that they trace the lineage of Messiah, Jesus Christ, from Adam to Mary and Joseph. God had another reason for listing the lineage from Adam through Noah. Through the names of these men, God proclaimed

His plan of redemption through Christ. Look at the names below and read the meanings of their names and then read their names in a sentence to see God's redemptive plan.

Read: Genesis 5. These are the descendants of Adam (followed by the meaning of their names).

Adam lived 930 years	MAN
Seth lived 912 years	APPOINTED
Enos lived 905 years	MORTAL
Cainan lived 910 years	SORROW
Mahalaleel lived 895 years	THE BLESSED GOD
Jared lived 962 years	SHALL COME DOWN
Enoch (translated) lived 365 years	TEACHING
Methuselah lived 969 years	HIS DEATH SHALL BRING
Lamech lived 777 years	THE DESPAIRING
Noah lived 950 years	COMFORT

Why is it important to know the genealogy of Adam? Luke 3:23,36-38

Name 5 things the family of Cain started.

Genesis 4:17 _____

Genesis 4:19 _____

Genesis 4:20 _____

Genesis 4:21 _____

Genesis 4:22 _____

Read: Genesis Chapter 6.

Why was God sorry He made man? Genesis 6:4-5

a. _____ b. _____

In Genesis 6:2,4, who were "the sons of God"? There are two views of who the "sons of God" were: (1) Unsaved relatives of Cain or (2) fallen angels. Read: Job 2:1-2. Notice that the angels are called "sons of God."

"Nephilim" is a word derived from the Hebrew "naphal" and could be translated "fallen ones." The King James version translates this term "giants."

Who were these fallen angels? Jude 6-7

What did the fallen angels do? Genesis 6:2,4

What did this union produce? Genesis 6:4

What happened to these fallen angels? 2 Peter 2:4-5

Once again Satan attempted to thwart the plan of God by corrupting the human race. Why would Satan want the human race corrupted? Genesis 3:15

Why did Noah and his family find favor with God? Genesis 6:9

a. _____ b. _____

Why did God decide to destroy all mankind and animals? Genesis 6:12,17

What did God tell Noah to build? Genesis 6:14

What was to go in the ark? Genesis 7:2-3

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

While Noah was preparing the ark, what did he do? 2 Peter 2:5

The name Methuselah means "his death shall bring."

What would come after Methuselah's death? Genesis 6:17

How long did Methuselah live? Genesis 5:27

As long as Methuselah lived, his name served as a warning to ungodly men.

How big was the ark? Genesis 6:15

Estimating the cubit at 18" (a cubit was a measure from the forearm to the end of the middle finger), the ark was 525 feet long, 87-1/2 feet wide, 52-1/2 feet high.

How long did it take Noah to build the ark? Genesis 6:3

Who was preserved through the flood? Genesis 7:13

Who closed the door after all were aboard the ark? Genesis 7:16

Until this time, how was the earth watered? Genesis 2:6

How long did Noah and his family wait before it began to rain? Genesis 7:10

From where did the flood waters come? Genesis 7:11

How high did the flood waters rise? Genesis 7:20

What was the outcome of the flood? Genesis 7:21

How long were Noah and his family in the ark?

Genesis 7:6 says: Noah was 600 years old when they entered the ark. According to Genesis 8:13-14: Noah was 601 plus 1 month plus 1 day old when he removed the covering of the ark. Therefore, Noah and his family were in the ark 1 year, 1 month, 1 day.

What did Noah do after he left the ark? Genesis 8:20

Since Adam and Eve had disobeyed God's commands, God now gave new commands to Noah.

GOD'S NEW COMMANDS

What did God command Noah? Genesis 9:1,7

How many times did God command to "fill the earth?" Genesis 9:1,7

What was the significance of the repetition of the command?

These new commands established the time of Human Government, when man was to rule over man. It was God's plan that man should scatter throughout the world.

How do we know that the principles of Human Government are still in effect today in the Church? Romans 13:1-2

When city, state, or national laws are disobeyed, who is being opposed? Romans 13:3-4

Why are laws necessary in a nation? Romans 13:4

What other commands did God give Noah?

Genesis 9:2 _____

Genesis 9:3-4 _____

Genesis 9:5-6 _____

How did God show that He would never again destroy the earth with water? Genesis 9:13-16

In the future, how will God destroy the earth? 2 Peter 3:10

Read Genesis 9:24-27. Name the three prophecies that Noah gave for his sons. What purpose would the descendants of Japheth have?

Japheth and his descendants later settled in Europe. We have been enlarged because we get our knowledge of science, arts, music, and history from Europe.

What purpose would the descendants of Shem have? Genesis 9:26

Through the line of Shem, Messiah was to come.

What purpose would the descendants of Ham have? Genesis 9:25

Who was Canaan? Genesis 10:6

This was the beginning of races.

HISTORY

TOWER OF BABEL

Read Genesis 10:8,10. Ham's grandson was Nimrod. History declares that Nimrod was not only the first king of Babylon, but that he and his wife, Semiramis, began the Babylonian Mystery Religion. The Tower of Babel was built as a place of worship for the various gods of the Babylonian Mystery Religion.

Archaeology reveals that the Tower of Babel consisted of seven platforms with each platform diminishing in size. The top platform was a temple, or sanctuary, and the bottom platform had six gates which led into small chapels.

LIFE APPLICATION

Throughout the centuries, men have worked with their hands to build their own way to God. What does God declare is the only way for us to get to Him? John 14:6; Titus 3:5-7

Why did the people build the Tower of Babel? Genesis 11:4

What was Satan attempting to destroy?

In Genesis 11:3-4, the people said "Let us." What did they demonstrate?

How was this the same as Lucifer's and Adam and Eve's sin? Isaiah 13:14

How did God punish this sin? Genesis 11:9

Who is the "Us" in Genesis 11:7? See Genesis 1:26

How did the nations begin? Acts 17:26

This is the beginning of nations.

MAN'S DISOBEDIENCE

Mankind rebelliously disobeyed God and began worshiping idols. Once again Satan attempted to destroy the plan of God by getting mankind to worship him through their false religious system.

SIN BRINGS JUDGMENT

In judgment, God began human languages, races, and nations to cause mankind to scatter and fill the earth as He planned. Later, God gave new commands to Abraham.

What does this tell you about God's purposes? Isaiah 46:9-10

Turn to the chart on page 93 and locate the GENTILES on the chart. From Adam until Abram, God was dealing with the Gentile nations. Genesis 10:5

HISTORY

The Shemites migrated to Assyria, Syria, Persia, Northern Arabia, and Mesopotamia. Shem's descendants were the Persians, Assyrians, Armenians, and Syrians.

Japheth migrated to Asia Minor, Armenia, and Europe. His descendants were the Gauls, Britons, Germans, Russians, Greeks, Romans, and Thracians. Ham migrated to Africa and Asia. Ham's son, Mizraim, founded the Chaldean Empire on the Euphrates. Ham's grandson, Nimrod, founded the Babylonian empire and his descendants were the Ethiopians, Libyans, Egyptians, and Canaanites.

CHAPTER 2

NATION OF ISRAEL BEGAN

From what nation did Abram come? Genesis 11:31
Abram was a Gentile from Ur.

The book of Genesis is called the Patriarchal, Father, Age. Who controlled the family, including married children? Genesis 11:31

Who served as a military leader? Genesis 14:14-15 (318 soldiers)

Who represented his family before God? Genesis 12:1-3

How did the father serve as the priest for his family? Genesis 15:9-10; 8:20

God changed Abram's name to _____. Genesis 17:5

God changed Sarai's name to _____. Genesis 17:15

How was Abraham made righteous before God? Genesis 15:6

How was Abraham's faith perfected before God? James 2:21-22

What were Abraham and his descendants to observe forever? Genesis 17:10

What was Israel's seal of righteousness? Romans 4:11

LIFE APPLICATION

Did you know that the largest portion of the Bible, from Genesis 12 through Revelation 22, deals with the history of ISRAEL with the exception of the 13 Epistles, Romans through Philemon which tell about the Church?

Mankind, during Noah's day, disobeyed God's commands and later God gave new promises to Abraham. Why was Abraham blessed? Genesis 22:18

GOD'S COMMAND (PROMISE)

What did God promise Abram if he would leave his country and family?

Genesis 12:1-3 a. _____

Genesis 12:2 a. _____ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____

Genesis 12:3 a. _____ b. _____ c. _____

God promised Abram that through his lineage the Messiah would come and the families of earth would be blessed through Him.

Why did God want Abram to leave his father? Joshua 24:2

Many years had passed and Sarah and Abraham still had no children so they took matters into their own hands. Abraham took Hagar, Sarah's servant, and she bore Abraham a son. What was his name? Genesis 16:3,11

How old was Abram when Ishmael was born? Genesis 16:16

How many sons did Ishmael have? Genesis 17:20

Who did they become? Genesis 25:16

HISTORY

Ishmael and his descendants made Arabia their home. They became generally known as the Arabians. Abraham was the father of both the Arabs as well as the father of Israel. There has always been rivalry between Isaac (the Jews) and Ishmael (the Arabs) from the beginning and it has continued to the present time.

Isaac was the promised son God gave to Abraham and Sarah. How old was Abraham when Isaac was born? Genesis 21:5

Let us see why it took 25 years from God's promise until Isaac was born.

What did God command Abraham to do? Genesis 12:1

How did Abraham disobey God? Genesis 11:31-32

Abraham did not leave his family as God commanded him. He took his father, Terah, and nephew, Lot, with him. After Terah died and Abraham separated from Lot, then Isaac was born. It took 25 years for Abraham to completely obey God's command.

The name "Isaac" means laughter. Why was Abraham's son named laughter?
Genesis 17:17; 18:11-12

What promise did God make to Isaac? Genesis 17:19

Name the sons of Isaac. Genesis 25:26

The name "Jacob" means deceptive. What new name did God later give to Jacob? Genesis 32:28

How did Jacob obtain his birthright and blessing? Genesis 25:27-34

Why did Jacob regard his birthright in this way? Hebrews 12:16

How did Esau regard his birthright? Genesis 25:34

The name "Israel" means Prince with God and the name "Sarah" means Princess.

Name Jacob's sons through Leah, his wife. Genesis 35:23

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____ e. _____ f. _____

Name Jacob's sons through Leah's servant girl, Zilpah. Genesis 35:26

a. _____ b. _____

Name Jacob's sons through Rachel. Genesis 35:25

a. _____ b. _____

Name Jacob's sons through Rachel's servant, Bilhah. Genesis 35:25

a. _____ b. _____

The twelve sons of Jacob and their descendants became known as "Israelites."

From which son of Jacob was Messiah, Jesus Christ, to come? Genesis 49:10
God promised that through Judah, Shiloh would come.

Who is Shiloh? Isaiah 9:6

"Shiloh" means peace and Christ is the Prince of Peace.

Who was Jacob's favorite son? Genesis 37:3

Why did Joseph's brothers hate him? Genesis 37:3

NOTE:

The coat of many colors was a garment that showed rank and favoritism. Joseph's brothers hated him and perhaps believed that their father would make Joseph the patriarch of the family.

Why else did his brothers hate him? Genesis 37:4-8

What did Joseph's brothers do to get rid of him? Genesis 37:23-24

How did Joseph get to Egypt? Genesis 37:28

How did Joseph obtain power and position in Egypt? Genesis 41:15-33

What did Joseph become in Egypt? Genesis 41:40-44

Whom did Joseph marry? Genesis 41:45

How old was Joseph when he became ruler in Egypt? Genesis 41:46

Name Joseph's sons. Genesis 41:51-52

a. _____ b. _____

Why did Joseph's brothers and their families move to Egypt? Genesis 43:1-2

What did Joseph tell his brothers about their selling him into slavery? Genesis 45:5

a. _____ b. _____

How did Joseph regard his brothers' sin against him? Genesis 50:20

How many of Jacob's family settled in Egypt? Genesis 46:27

LIFE APPLICATION

What application can you make to your life from Genesis 50:20? Think of the pattern we have seen in Genesis. God worked, Satan destroyed, God restored. How can this pattern be seen in the Original Creation? Adam and Eve? Noah? The Tower of Babel? Read: Romans 8:28 out loud. Close in prayer thanking God that He works events, good and bad, in your life for GOOD. God's plans and purposes will never be thwarted.

CHAPTER 3

ISRAEL CAPTIVE IN EGYPT

There is a three hundred year gap between Genesis and Exodus or a total of four hundred thirty years from the death of Joseph to the exodus of the Israelites from Egypt. Read Exodus 12:40-41.

"Exodus" means exit and it records Israel's leaving Egypt. Leviticus records the commands for the Levite priests. Numbers records the numbering of Israel and their being placed into 12 tribes. Deuteronomy records the second giving of the Law.

HISTORY

The Hyksos kings were kind to Joseph because they both were related to Shem and allowed him to become a mighty leader in Egypt. The Hyksos kings were descendants of Shem and so was Joseph. It is thought that these foreign kings were allowed to rule in Egypt because of the new technology they brought to Egypt. They introduced bows, daggers, horses, and chariots which made Egypt a powerful nation.

After the Hyksos kings were dethroned, who came to power? Exodus 1:8

Why was this new pharaoh afraid of the Israelites? Exodus 1:9-10

What did this pharaoh king do to the Israelites? Exodus 1:11

Even before Israel was a nation, what did God prophesy about Israel? Genesis 15:13

What training did Moses receive in Egypt? Acts 7:22

Who wrote the first five books of the Bible called the Pentateuch? Exodus 24:4

The story of Moses is 1/7 of the Bible from Exodus through Deuteronomy.

What are the names of Moses' parents? Exodus 6:20

What did pharaoh command concerning Israelite male infants? Exodus 1:16

How did Moses' mother save his life? Exodus 2:1-3

Who found baby Moses? Exodus 2:5

What did Pharaoh's daughter do with the baby? Exodus 2:9; Acts 7:21

What did Pharaoh's daughter name the baby? Exodus 2:10

How long did Moses live in the palace in Egypt? Acts 7:22-23

Why did Moses flee from Egypt? Acts 7:24-29

Did the Israelites understand that Moses was to be their leader? Acts 7:24-25

NOTE:

Moses must have obtained considerable power and reputation in Egypt because Josephus, a well-known historian, said that "Moses commanded an army in the south."

To what country did Moses flee? Exodus 2:15

How long was Moses in Midian as a shepherd? Acts 7:30

Whom did Moses marry? Exodus 2:21; Numbers 12:1-2

Name Moses' two sons. Exodus 18:3-4

a. _____ b. _____

Why was God seeking to kill Moses' firstborn son? Exodus 4:23-25

Moses, on the eve of delivering Israel, was reminded that without circumcision the Israelites were cut off from the covenant. Why? Genesis 17:10

What was Israel's seal of righteousness? Romans 4:11

Why did the Israelites cry out to God? Exodus 2:23

How did God respond to their cry? Exodus 2:24

Who commissioned Moses to be the leader of the Israelites? Exodus 3:1-6, 10-12

What did God send to enable the Israelites to leave Egypt? Exodus 7:4

NOTE:

God poured out the ten plagues onto Egypt as punishments against the gods which the Egyptians worshiped. The plagues showed that God is the all powerful, sovereign God and these gods were powerless against Him. The Egyptians worshiped the Nile River, the bull, the pharaoh's family, and others. The bull was the most sacred animal and upon its death, was embalmed, stuffed, and was given a ceremony of pomp and splendor.

What was the first plague? Exodus 7:19-20

What did the magicians in Egypt do? Exodus 7:22

What was the second plague? Exodus 8:6

What did the magicians do? Exodus 8:7

What was the third plague? Exodus 8:17

Could the magicians duplicate this miracle? Exodus 8:18

What was the fourth plague? Exodus 8:21

How did God protect the Israelites? Exodus 8:22

What was the fifth plague? Exodus 9:6

How did God protect Israel? Exodus 9:6

What was the sixth plague? Exodus 9:9

How did the boils affect the magicians? Exodus 9:11

What was the seventh plague? Exodus 9:25

How did God protect the Israelites? Exodus 9:26

What was the eighth plague? Exodus 10:14-15

What was the ninth plague? Exodus 10:22

What was the tenth plague? Exodus 11:5

How did God protect the Israelites? Exodus 12:22-24

How did Israel commemorate their deliverance from Egypt? Exodus 12:14,24

What did the Egyptians give the Israelites as they were leaving Egypt? Exodus 12:35-36

At the time of the Exodus, it is estimated that there were about 3,000,000 Israelites.

How long did it take for the Israelites to travel to Mt. Sinai? Exodus 19:1

CHAPTER 4

THE LAW GIVEN TO ISRAEL

GOD'S COMMANDS: THE CONDITIONAL MOSAIC LAW SYSTEM

How long were the Israelites at Mt. Sinai? Numbers 10:11

The time spent at Mt. Sinai was important because the Mosaic Law was given to Israel, the people were numbered and put into tribes, the tabernacle was erected, feasts were instituted, animal sacrifices prescribed, dietary laws given, and baptisms were instituted. There are three parts to the Mosaic Law (1) The Commandments Ex. 20, (2) The Judgments Ex. 21-23 and (3) The Ordinances Ex.24-40. These Mosaic Laws were for the MORAL, SOCIAL, and RELIGIOUS life of Israel. God's intention was that Israel would be holy and "clean" in their moral, social, and religious lives so they could be the light of salvation to the Gentile nations. Isaiah 60:2-3

What was Israel to be? Exodus 19:6

To whom was the Mosaic Law given? Romans 9:4

What did Israel say? Exodus 19:8

Why was the Law given? Romans 3:19-20

a. _____ b. _____

Why was the Law called a CONDITIONAL covenant? Exodus 19:5

NOTE:

Conditional means that IF Israel obeyed they would prosper, but IF they turned from God they would be judged. Read of Israel's sin in Judges 2:13 and how God punished Israel in Judges 2:14. Read of Israel's obedience in Joshua 6:2-5 and see how they prospered in Joshua 6:20-21. This conditional pattern was observed throughout the time of the Mosaic Law.

How long did the Law continue? The Mosaic Law was given at Mt. Sinai and continued until the crucifixion of Jesus Christ. See Page 52, Jesus Christ's relationship to the law and Israel, for how Jesus and his apostles observed the Mosaic Law. The Law covered a period of about 2,000 years.

TABERNACLE

What did God tell Moses to erect? Exodus 25:9

How did Moses know how to build the tabernacle? Hebrews 8:5

Where is the true tabernacle which God made? Hebrews 8:1-2,5

Where did Jesus go after He made atonement for sin on the Cross? Hebrews 9:11-12

What is the Lord Jesus Christ doing in the Heavenly Tabernacle? Hebrews 8:1-2

a. _____ b. _____

How did the craftsmen know how to build the tabernacle furniture? Exodus 31:1-3

Before the tabernacle was erected, who served as the priest and offered the animal sacrifices?
Genesis 8:20

Who were chosen to be the priests in the tabernacle? Exodus 28:1,41

Who are Gershom, Merari, and Kohath? Numbers 3:17

How were the needs of the priesthood met? Numbers 18:21

What was the tithe? Leviticus 27:32

What else was given to the Levites? Leviticus 7:34; Numbers 18:21

Who filled the tabernacle after it was completed? Exodus 40:33-34

How did Israel know when to begin their journeys? Exodus 40:36

As you look up the following verses, you will discover the different dwelling places of God.

GOD'S DWELLING PLACES

Where did God dwell during Israel's wilderness wanderings? Exodus 40:34

Where did God dwell during Solomon's day? 2 Chronicles 7:1

Where did God dwell during Jesus Christ's day? Colossians 2:9

Where does God dwell today? 1 Corinthians 6:19

LIFE APPLICATION

Have you trusted Jesus Christ as your Savior? Then, God, the Holy Spirit, lives in you.

SABBATH

God established the Sabbath, the seventh day, Saturday, as Israel's day of worship. The Sabbath rest was instituted so Israel would commemorate God's rest in creation.

To whom was the Sabbath given? Exodus 31:13,16

What happened to an Israelite who worked on the Sabbath? Exodus 31:15

When did the early church meet to worship? Acts 20:7; 1 Corinthians 16:2

Why do we worship the Lord on Sunday, the first day of the week? John 20:1-2

FEASTS

God gave the feasts to Israel so they could show their gratitude to the Lord. The feasts were pictures of what Jesus Christ would do for Israel in the future.

1. The Feast of Passover

The first month of the Jewish calendar is Abib. This month falls in both March and April of our calendar. The 14th day of Abib is the first day of Passover.

Why did Israel celebrate this feast? Exodus 12:27

How long did the Passover Feast last? Leviticus 23:5-6

2. The Feast of Unleavened Bread followed Passover. It was a time for the removal of all yeast and leaven (pictures of sin) from the land. It prefigured the burial of the Lord Jesus Christ.

Why did Israel celebrate this feast? Exodus 12:27

How long did the unleavened bread feast last? Leviticus 23:5-6

3. The Feast of First Fruits.

Why did Israel celebrate the Feast of First Fruits? Exodus 34:22
Crops were planted in November/December and harvested in March/April.

During the Passover Feast, on what day was First Fruits celebrated? Leviticus 23:10-11

4. The Feast of Pentecost was celebrated 50 days after Passover.

What was Israel to celebrate? Exodus 23:16

This was the Feast of the Harvest to celebrate the end of the harvest.

5. The Feast of Trumpets was a feast to praise the Lord for the prophetic future regathering of Israel. Leviticus 23:24

6. The Feast or Day of Atonement, 23:26-32; 16:34. This was a picture of the day in which Israel would acknowledge their Messiah and cry out for Him, cf. Zechariah 12:10.

What were the people of Israel not supposed to do on this day?

What were they supposed to do?

How long did the feast last?

7. The Feast of Booths is called Tabernacles.

How would Israel celebrate the Feast of Tabernacles? Leviticus 23:34,41-43

Tabernacles pictured the time when Israel would be in their own land permanently

8. The Feast of Purim. This feast was not one of the great feasts given by God in the book of Leviticus. It was added to the others in the day of Esther.

Why did Israel celebrate the Feast of Purim? Esther 9:26-28

Have you ever considered how the Lord Jesus Christ fulfilled many of these feasts during His earthly ministry to Israel? The others feasts will be fulfilled for Israel in the future.

On what feast did Jesus die? John 19:14

On what feast did Jesus rise from the dead? 1 Corinthians 15:20. The first day AFTER the Sabbath was the first day of the week.

On what feast did Jesus send Israel the prophesied Holy Spirit to prepare them for the harvest? Acts 2:1

In the future, Jesus Christ will return to gather Israel at the Feast of Trumpets. Matthew 24:31

This will be followed by the Feast of Tabernacles when Israel will be permanently in their land and have their own homes. Amos 9:13-15

ANIMAL SACRIFICES

Animal sacrifices were observed before Mt. Sinai but it was the Mosaic Law that prescribed five specific sacrifices for Israel, two were mandatory and three were voluntary. The sacrifices not only showed gratitude but were a necessary condition to maintain the continued fellowship and mercy of God. The sacrifices also expressed the idea of substitution and propitiation. Substitution is the putting of one thing in the place of another. Propitiation means to regain the favor of God. The animal died in the place of the sinner and the shed blood brought at-one-ment, reconciliation with God. Animal sacrifices were observed continually.

Why were animals sacrificed? Hebrews 9:22

How did animal sacrifices picture the work of the Lord Jesus in the future? John 1:29

Why did priests continually offer sacrifices? Hebrews 10:3-4

a. _____ b. _____

What did the death of Christ accomplish? Hebrews 9:12

Why are animal sacrifices no longer needed? Hebrews 10:10,12

Why was the trespass offering made? Leviticus 6:1-6, 25

a. _____ b. _____ c. _____ d. _____

What offering was given as a voluntary act of worship? Leviticus 3:1

How long was this offering to be made unto the Lord? Leviticus 3:17

What offering showed Israel's gratitude for God's provision? Leviticus 2:1-3

LIFE APPLICATION

The animal died as a substitute for the sinning person.

Read: 2 Corinthians 5:21. Tell how Jesus Christ was our substitute.

What did Jesus take of ours? When we trust Him as our Savior, what does He give to us? This is called the "exchanged life."

Think of the grace of God that we experience today in Christ. As Israel had to continually offer animal sacrifices to keep the favor of God, believers today NEVER will be out of favor with God because of Jesus Christ's "once for all" sacrifice on the cross, Hebrews 10:10. What marvelous grace!

DIETARY CHANGES

Adam and Eve ate fruits and vegetables, Genesis 1:29. Noah could eat fruits, vegetables and meat without the blood, Genesis 9:3-4. Israel was commanded to only eat the "clean" meat, fish, birds, and insects. You can easily understand these different commands by knowing that God gave different commands at different times to different groups of people. Remember, as you read, continually ask yourself to WHOM is it being spoken, WHAT, WHEN, WHERE, and WHY?

To whom were these new dietary laws given? Leviticus 11:2

Where does the term "clean" animals first appear? Genesis 7:1-2

What was the purpose of the "clean" animals? Genesis 8:20

What two characteristics had to be present before an Israelite was permitted to eat an animal? Leviticus 11:3-4

a. _____ b. _____

Name two characteristics of the edible fish. Leviticus 11:12

a. _____ b. _____

What type of birds could Israel not eat? Leviticus 11:13-19

Name two characteristics of edible insects. Leviticus 11:20-21

a. _____ b. _____

God wanted the nation of Israel to be "clean." Why? Isaiah 60:1-3

Leviticus 11	tells how Israel was to eat "clean" foods.
Leviticus 12-13:46	tells how Israel was to have "clean" bodies.
Leviticus 14:33-57	tells how Israel was to have "clean" houses.
Leviticus 15	tells how Israel was to have "clean" contacts.
Leviticus 16	tells how Israel was to be a "clean" nation.

What can be eaten today in the Church? 1 Timothy 4:4

Why are we to pray and thank God for our food? 1 Timothy 4:5

Does God put conditions on what we can eat today? 1 Timothy 4:4

BAPTISMS

The Old Testament was written in Hebrew and the New Testament was written in Greek. The word "wash" in the Old Testament Hebrew is equivalent to the New Testament Greek word "baptize."

Where does the word "wash" first appear in the Bible? Exodus 29:4

What was the purpose of baptism? Numbers 19:9

What nation was given water baptism as a perpetual statute? Numbers 19:9-10

How were Gentiles (foreigners) received into the camp? Numbers 31:19,23

How were the priests cleansed? Exodus 30:18-20

If the priests were not baptized, what happened to them? Exodus 30:21

How was the baptism for purification from sin performed?

Numbers 19:5 _____

Numbers 19:17 _____

Numbers 19:18 _____

How long were "baptisms" (washings) to continue? Hebrews 9:10-12

Why were washings (baptisms) only needed until Christ? Hebrews 9:12

After Christ offered a "once for all sacrifice for sin" what did He do? Hebrews 10:12

God used water baptism as a visible symbol of the cleansing of Israel from sin. How is our sin forgiven today in the Church? Romans 5:9; 3:24-25

In the future Davidic Kingdom for Israel, how will God forgive sin and impurity? Zechariah 13:1

What did Paul say about water baptism? 1 Corinthians 1:17

Why was Paul glad he only baptized a few people? 1 Corinthians 1:17

There are 5 different words in the Greek New Testament which come from the same root word: bapto, baptistes, baptizo, baptisma, and baptismos. The concordance shows baptizo, baptisma, and baptismos occur a total of 109 times in 91 verses.

Did you know that there are at least 12 kinds of baptism in the Bible? Only five of the twelve are water baptisms. Let us begin the study of the different baptisms. Read the references. As you read, notice WHO is doing the baptizing, WHO is being baptized, and WHY it is being done.

JOHN'S BAPTISM FOR FORGIVENESS OF SIN - (WATER)

Mark 1:4-6; Matthew 21:23-25; John 3:22-23; 4:1; John 10:37-42; Mark 11:29-33; Luke 3:1-22; Luke 7:24-39; Luke 20:1-8; John 1:15-33; and Acts 1:22

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

JESUS' BAPTISM TO FULFILL ALL RIGHTEOUSNESS - (WATER)

Matthew 3:13-15

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

Second Corinthians 5:21 tells that Jesus had no sin but He was baptized to fulfill all the requirements of the Law.

CHRIST BAPTIZING WITH THE HOLY SPIRIT - (NOT WATER)

John 1:33; Acts 2:3-4; Luke 3:16; Matthew 3:11-16; Mark 1:8; Acts 1:3-5; and 11:15-16

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

PENTECOSTAL BAPTISM - (WATER AND A MIRACLE FOLLOWED)

Acts 2:38; 8:12-18; 8:35-39; 9:18-19; 16:14-15; 19:1-8; 22:12-16; Mark 16:14-19; Matthew 28:19; and 1 Corinthians 1:14-17

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

DEATH BAPTISM - (NOT WATER)

Mark 10:38-39; Luke 12:49-51

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

BAPTISM FOR THE DEAD - (NOT WATER)

1 Corinthians 15:29-31

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

THE TYPE BAPTISM OF NOAH'S ARK - (NOT WATER)

1 Peter 3:18-21

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

BAPTISM OF FIRE - (NOT WATER)

Luke 3:16; Matthew 3:11

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

MOSES' BAPTISM - (NOT WATER)

1 Corinthians 10:2

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

TRADITIONAL JEWISH BAPTISMAL CEREMONIES - (WATER)

Luke 11:38; Mark 7:1-8

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

TRADITIONAL JEWISH BAPTISMS - (WATER)

Hebrews 6:1-3; 9:10

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

HOLY SPIRIT BAPTIZING BELIEVERS INTO THE BODY OF CHRIST - (NOT WATER)

1 Corinthians 12:12-14; Romans 6:3-4; Galatians 3:25-29; Ephesians 4:1-4; Colossians 2:9-15; ho

Who is doing the baptizing? _____

Who is baptized? _____

Why? _____

NOTE:

Now that you know that there are 12 baptisms in the Bible, when you see the word "baptism," be sure to ask yourself, "Who is being baptized? Which baptism is it? Why was it done?" The context will determine which baptism is being discussed.

CHAPTER 5

ISRAEL WANDERED IN THE WILDERNESS

The time that Israel spent at Mt. Sinai was very productive. During that time Israel was developed into a nation and God gave them the Mosaic Law system to govern their moral, social, and religious lives. Now, as an organized nation, Israel was ready to again begin the journey toward the Promised Land.

When Israel left Mt. Sinai, which tribe led the march? Numbers 10:14

Where did Israel go after they left Mt. Sinai? Deuteronomy 1:19

How long was Israel at Kadesh? Deuteronomy 1:46

NOTE:

Kadesh was an oasis which served as a camping place for Israel. The herds and flocks remained at Kadesh while different areas of the land were scouted.

What did God tell Moses to do? Numbers 13:1-2

After the twelve spies returned, what did the ten spies report? Numbers 13:31

Joshua and Caleb, the other two spies, gave good reports. What did Joshua and Caleb report? Numbers 14:7-9

How did Israel respond? Numbers 14:10

What happened to Israel because of unbelief? Numbers 14:33-34

While Israel wandered in the wilderness, which gods did they worship? Acts 7:41-43

Why didn't God permit Moses to go into the Promised Land of Canaan? Numbers 20:8-12

How did this show that the Law was conditional?

Who was the rock? 1 Corinthians 10:4

How did Moses see the Promised Land? Deuteronomy 32:49

Describe Moses' physical condition before he died. Deuteronomy 34:7

What happened to Moses on the mountain? Deuteronomy 34:1,5

After Moses' death, where did he go? Deuteronomy 32:50

Who succeeded Moses as leader of Israel? Numbers 27:22-23

What was God's opinion of Moses? Deuteronomy 34:10

After Moses' death, Joshua became the leader of the Israelites.

LIFE APPLICATION

What lessons can we learn from the life of Moses?

CHAPTER 6

ISRAEL CONQUERED THE PROMISED LAND

Israel's 40 years of wandering in the wilderness was over. They reached the Promised Land under Joshua's leadership. Israel conquered the majority of Canaan, the Promised Land. The book of Joshua records the dividing of the land. The 31 kings in Joshua 12:24 are listed as destroyed but there were still small groups of Canaanites, Philistines, Sidonians, and Lebanese which remained unconquered in Canaan.

What did God promise Israel? Joshua 1:6

How would Joshua have success? Joshua 1:7

What miracle did God show Israel? Joshua 3:15-17

How did Israel show they believed God and were ready to enter the land? Joshua 5:5

Why was circumcision important? Genesis 17:10

Name the first city that the Israelites conquered. Joshua 2:1

How many spies did Joshua send into the city of Jericho? Joshua 2:1

When the king of Jericho learned that the spies were in the city, he sent soldiers to search for them. What woman hid the spies? Joshua 2:1,6

How did Rahab show she trusted the Lord? Joshua 2:8-11

What agreement did Rahab make with the spies? Joshua 2:14

How did the spies escape from Jericho? Joshua 2:15-16

When the Israelites invaded Jericho, how did they know Rahab's home? Joshua 2:18,21

How did the Israelites conquer Jericho? Joshua 6:3

How did God reward Rahab? Matthew 1:5

How many nations did Israel conquer? Acts 13:18-19

How many years did it take to conquer Canaan? Acts 13:20

What was God's promise to Israel? Joshua 1:3

NOTE:

Joshua 11:23 and 13:1. These verses can be reconciled by understanding the difference between "inheritance" and "possession." The inheritance was the whole land God promised to Israel but the Israelites only possessed a portion of that land by faith. Israel will possess all the land that God promised to them in the future Davidic Kingdom.

Canaan, the Promised Land, was divided among the tribes of Israel. Joshua 13-21

What method was used to divide the land? Joshua 18:8-10

What was given to the Levites? Joshua 21:1-2

How many cities were given to Kohath and his family? Joshua 21:4-5

How many cities were given to Gershon and his family? Joshua 21:6

How many cities were given to Merari and his family? Joshua 21:7

What were the "cities of refuge"? Joshua 20:2-3

Joshua was ready to die. Name three ways Joshua encouraged Israel.

Joshua 23:6 _____

Joshua 23:7 _____

Joshua 24:19 _____

Where did Joshua write his book? Joshua 24:26

Before Joshua died, what did Israel promise Joshua? Joshua 24:24

CHAPTER 7

ISRAEL EXPERIENCED CYCLES

HISTORY

Israel had no strong central government after the death of Joshua. The older generation who had experienced God's miraculous working in the conquest of Canaan failed to teach their children about God. Consequently, the new generation began to worship the idols of the surrounding nations. Over a period of about 300 years, the book of Judges records 12 cycles of Apostasy, 12 Oppressions, 12 Repentances, 12 Judges, and 12 Deliverers.

Why didn't Israel obey God after Joshua died? Judges 2:10

What did the new generation do since they did not know about God?

Judges 2:11 _____

Judges 2:12 _____

Judges 2:13 _____

How did God feel? Judges 2:14

How did God punish Israel? Judges 3:8

How many years were the Israelites in bondage to Mesopotamia? Judges 3:8

These deliverers were called _____. Judges 2:18

Who was the first judge of Israel? Judges 3:9

How did God empower Othniel? Judges 3:10

After Othniel led Israel to victory, how long did Israel experience rest? Judges 3:11

The other judges were Ehud, Shamgar, Deborah and Barak, Gideon, Tola, Jair, Jephthah, Elon, Abdon, and Samson.

How long did the judges serve as leaders of Israel? Acts 13:20

At the end of the book of Judges, what was Israel's condition? Judges 21:25

LIFE APPLICATION

What lesson can be learned from Israel's failure to teach their children about God and all He had done for them?

How can not knowing God's Word affect your life?